**What Can I Do To Increase Weight Gain?**

If you’ve gained less weight than recommended, you’ll want to make some changes to your diet. Gaining too little weight has risks for your pregnancy and your baby. Along with a healthy diet, taking a prenatal vitamin will help you to get the right amount of nutrients.

**Tips to increase calories:**

- Eat small, frequent meals
- Drink high-calorie, nutrient dense liquids (milk, 100% juices, protein shakes) when you’re not hungry for a meal
- Eat more when you feel hungry
- Add healthy fats to your food (canola or olive oil, tub margarine, nuts)
- Top meats with sauces or gravies
- Focus on high-calorie, nutrient dense foods
  - Mix powdered milk into foods
  - Use cheese liberally
  - Spread peanut butter on toast, apple and banana slices, celery
  - Drink whole milk
  - Top cereal with dried fruit and nuts

Consult your health care provider before starting an exercise program. Activities that affect balance or may cause injury to the stomach are not safe during pregnancy.

**Benefits of Physical Activity**

Weight loss is not your goal, but exercise will benefit you in other ways...

- Controls nausea
- Helps with constipation, backaches
- Improves sleep
- Gives you more energy
- Improves mood

References:

Pregnancy weight gain: What's healthy?  
http://www.mayoclinic.com/health/pregnancy-weight-gain/pr00111

Healthy Eating during Pregnancy.  
http://www.foodinsight.org/Content/6/RevisedHealthyEatingPregnancy809.pdf

Keeping Fit.  http://www.womenshealth.gov/pregnancy/you-are-pregnant/staying-healthy-safe.cfm#b

This institution is an equal opportunity provider.

Utah WIC Program  
1-877-WIC-KIDS  
www.health.utah.gov/wic

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Weight Gain During Pregnancy

How Much Total Weight Should I Gain?

The right amount of weight to gain during pregnancy depends on how much you weighed before getting pregnant. Talk with your health care provider to find out what amount is right for you.

General Guidelines:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Prepregnancy BMI</th>
<th>Total Weight Gain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Underweight</td>
<td>28-40 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Normal Weight</td>
<td>25-35 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Overweight</td>
<td>15-25 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Obese</td>
<td>11-20 pounds</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Women pregnant with multiples: Normal weight women should gain 37-54 pounds, overweight, 31-50 pounds and obese, 25-42 pounds during pregnancy.

Where Does All That Weight Go?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Weight Gain</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Baby</td>
<td>7—8 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Larger breasts</td>
<td>1—3 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Larger uterus</td>
<td>2 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Placenta</td>
<td>1.5 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amniotic fluid</td>
<td>2 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increased blood volume</td>
<td>3—4 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increased fluid volume</td>
<td>3—4 pounds</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fat stores</td>
<td>6—8 pounds</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

How Can I Control My Nausea?

Nausea can affect weight gain by making you feel less hungry. There are some things you can do to help control your nausea. Here are some ideas:

⇒ Avoid smells that worsen your nausea
⇒ Eat small, frequent meals (5-6 per day)
⇒ Choose bland foods and foods high in carbohydrates and low in fat
⇒ Keep some crackers or dry cereal by your bed to eat before you get up
⇒ Get plenty of rest
⇒ Exercise often
⇒ Drink enough fluids
⇒ If prenatal vitamins make your nausea worse
  • take with meals
  • switch brands
  • take at night
  • cut in half
⇒ Always check with your health care provider before taking any medicines or supplements to help with nausea

Risks of Gaining Too Little Weight

Women who don’t gain enough weight during pregnancy are more likely to have...

• Babies born early
• Babies born small
• Babies with delayed development
• Babies with heart or lung problems